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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/862,917	05/22/2001	Michael Jarman	708P009508-US(PAR)	8732
7590 06/06/2006			EXAMINER	
Craig A. Fieschko			BORISSOV, IGOR N	
DEWITT ROSS & STEVENS S.C. 8000 Excelsior Drive, Suite 401 Madison, WI 53717-1914			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3639	
			DATE MAILED: 06/06/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/862,917	JARMAN ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Igor Borissov	3639				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from , cause the application to become ABANDONEI	L. ely filed the mailing date of this communication. C (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
Responsive to communication(s) filed on 10 M     This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☑ This     Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro					
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-28 and 35-37 is/are pending in the a 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrav 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-28 and 35-37 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or Application Papers  9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access Applicant may not request that any objection to the or	vn from consideration. r election requirement. r. epted or b) □ objected to by the E					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	s have been received. s have been received in Application rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No d in this National Stage				
Attachment/s)	•					
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa					

Art Unit: 3639

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Response to Amendment

Amendment received on 3/10/2006 is acknowledged and entered. Claims 29-34 have been canceled. Claim 28 has been amended. New claims 35-37 have been added. Claims 1-28 and 35-37 are currently pending in the application.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claim 5 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. Claim 5 recites the following limitation: "...in which said further utility meter is arranged to submit the utility usage data to said utility meter...", which is confusing.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-12, 14-23, 27-28 and 35-37 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yee et al. (US 6,529,883) in view of Peddie et al. (US 4,351,028).

#### Independent claims

**Claim 1.** Yee et al. (Yee) teaches a utility transaction authorization system, comprising:

Art Unit: 3639

a user interface unit (a customer terminal) capable of accepting a transaction authorization (Fig. 1, item 11; C. 4, L. 49-50);

a utility meter provided at a location having an associated location identifier (meter location ID) unique to the location, wherein the utility meter is arranged to communicate with the user interface unit, to obtain a transaction authorization together with meter location ID, and to conduct a transaction based on the transaction authorization and meter location ID, thereby indicating obtaining authorization of the transaction (C. 4, L. 58 - C. 5, L. 2; C. 6, L. 3-12).

While Yee does teach communicating information (including meter identification number and a utility account number) between the meter and the utility (C. 3, I. 29-67), and while Yee teaches obtaining authorization of the transaction, Yee does not specifically teach that the utility meter *transmits* said authorization request to obtain said authorization of the transaction.

Peddie et al. (Peddie) teaches a utility transaction authorization system, including a utility meter, a modem, and utility payment unit 24 which enables consumers to pay the utility by a direct debit on their bank account or by making use of a credit card facility, this being done over a data link 26 leading to a central processor at the utility, thereby indicating transmitting an authorization request to credit card facility (Fig. 1; C.3, L. 53-57).

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Yee to include that that the utility meter *transmits* said authorization request to obtain said authorization of the transaction, as disclosed in Peddie, because it would advantageously allow to delegate this task to a third party service provider, thereby allowing to use less powerful processor in the meter and decrease operating cost.

Claim 28. Yee teaches a utility transaction authorization method, comprising: providing a user interface unit (a customer terminal) at a location (Fig. 1, item 11; C. 4, L. 49-50);

providing a utility meter at the location, the utility meter having an associated

Art Unit: 3639

location identifier uniquely identifying the location (Fig. 1, item 12; C. 6, L. 11); accepting a transaction authorization request via the user interface unit (C. 4, L> 49-50);

communicating the transaction request from the user interface unit to the utility meter (C. 4, L. 58-62);

wherein the utility meter is arranged to communicate with the user interface unit, to obtain a transaction authorization together with meter location ID, and to conduct a transaction based on the transaction authorization and meter location ID, thereby indicating obtaining authorization of the transaction (C. 4, L. 58 - C. 5, L. 2; C. 6, L. 3-12).

While Yee does teach communicating information (including meter identification number and a utility account number) between the meter and the utility (C. 3, I. 29-67), and while Yee teaches obtaining authorization of the transaction, Yee does not specifically teach that the utility meter *transmits* a message including said authorization request to obtain said authorization of the transaction.

Peddie teaches a utility transaction authorization system, including a utility meter, a modem, and utility payment unit 24 which enables consumers to pay the utility by a direct debit on their bank account or by making use of a credit card facility, this being done over a data link 26 leading to a central processor at the utility, thereby indicating transmitting an authorization request to credit card facility (Fig. 1; C.3, L. 53-57).

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Yee to include that that the utility meter *transmits* said message to obtain said authorization of the transaction, as disclosed in Peddie, because it would advantageously allow to delegate this task to a third party service provider, thereby allowing to use less powerful processor in the meter and decrease operating cost.

Claim 35. Yee teaches a utility transaction authorization method, comprising: a user interface unit capable of accepting transaction data, the transaction data including credit/charge card data identifying a credit/charge card to be charged for

Art Unit: 3639

the transaction (Fig. 1, item 11; C. 4, L. 49-50);

a utility meter provided at the location of the cardholder and having an associated location identifier uniquely identifying the location (Fig. 1, item 12; C. 6, L. 11);

wherein the utility meter is arranged to communicate with the user interface unit, to obtain a transaction authorization together with meter location ID, and to conduct a transaction based on the transaction authorization and meter location ID, thereby indicating obtaining authorization of the transaction (C. 4, L. 58 - C. 5, L. 2; C. 6, L. 3-12).

While Yee does teach communicating information (including meter identification number and a utility account number) between the meter and the utility (C. 3, I. 29-67), and while Yee teaches obtaining authorization of the transaction, Yee does not specifically teach that the utility meter *transmits* said authorization request including said authorization request to obtain said authorization of the transaction.

Peddie teaches a utility transaction authorization system, including a utility meter, a modem, and utility payment unit 24 which enables consumers to pay the utility by a direct debit on their bank account or by making use of a credit card facility, this being done over a data link 26 leading to a central processor at the utility, thereby indicating transmitting an authorization request to credit card facility (Fig. 1; C.3, L. 53-57).

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Yee to include that that the utility meter *transmits* said authorization request to obtain said authorization of the transaction, as disclosed in Peddie, because it would advantageously allow to delegate this task to a third party service provider, thereby allowing to use less powerful processor in the meter and decrease operating cost.

Claim 37. Yee teaches a utility transaction authorization method, comprising: a user interface unit capable of accepting transaction data, the transaction data including credit/charge card data identifying a credit/charge card to be charged for the transaction (Fig. 1, item 11; C. 4, L. 49-50);

a utility meter provided at the location of the cardholder and having an associated

Art Unit: 3639

location identifier uniquely identifying the location (Fig. 1, item 12; C. 6, L. 11);

wherein the utility meter is arranged to communicate with the user interface unit, to obtain a transaction authorization together with meter location ID, and to conduct a transaction based on the transaction authorization and meter location ID, thereby indicating obtaining authorization of the transaction (C. 4, L. 58 - C. 5, L. 2; C. 6, L. 3-12).

While Yee does teach communicating information (including meter identification number and a utility account number) between the meter and the utility (C. 3, I. 29-67), and while Yee teaches obtaining authorization of the transaction, Yee does not specifically teach that the utility meter *transmits* said authorization request including said authorization request to obtain said authorization of the transaction.

Peddie teaches a utility transaction authorization system, including a utility meter, a modem, and utility payment unit 24 which enables consumers to pay the utility by a direct debit on their bank account or by making use of a credit card facility, this being done over a data link 26 leading to a central processor at the utility, thereby indicating transmitting an authorization request to credit card facility (Fig. 1; C.3, L. 53-57).

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Yee to include that that the utility meter *transmits* said authorization request to obtain said authorization of the transaction, as disclosed in Peddie, because it would advantageously allow to delegate this task to a third party service provider, thereby allowing to use less powerful processor in the meter and decrease operating cost.

#### Dependent claims

Claims 2-5, 8-12. Peddie teaches a communication unit arranged to communicate with an authorization authority (Fig. 1; C.3, L. 53-57).

Claim 6. Yee teaches said system in which said further meter is a gas or water meter (C. 4, L. 14).

Claim 7. Yee teaches said system in which the utility meter is an electricity meter (Fig. 1).

Art Unit: 3639

Claims 14-16. Yee teaches said system in which the user interface unit and the utility meter communicate with each other via RF signals (C. 4, L. 16).

Claims 17, 21-23, 27 and 36. See reasoning applied to claim 1.

Claim 18. Yee teaches said system in which the user interface unit includes a keyboard (Fig. 1).

Claim 19. Yee teaches said system in which the utility meter includes a memory for storing a user's banking data (Fig. 5, item 64).

Claim 20. Yee teaches said system in which in which the user interface unit includes a display (Fig. 1).

Claims 13 and 24-26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yee et al. in view of Peddie et al. and further in view of Bos (WO 00/58922).

# Dependent claims

Claim 13. Yee in view of Peddie teach all the limitations of claim 13, except specifically teaching that the user interface unit is a telephone.

Bos teaches a utility transaction authorization system, including a meter and a a digital cellular phone which is used by a consumer to obtain payment authorization (Fig. 1; Abstract).

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Yee in view of Peddie to include that the user interface unit is a telephone, as disclosed in Bos, because it would advantageously allow to combine various functionalities in one mobile device, thereby providing convenience to the user.

Claims 24-26. See reasoning applied to claim 13.

# Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-28 and 35-37 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Igor Borissov whose telephone number is 571-272-6801. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John W. Hayes can be reached on 571-272-6708. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

IB 5/24/2006

> IGOR N. BORISSOV PRIMARY EXAMINER